

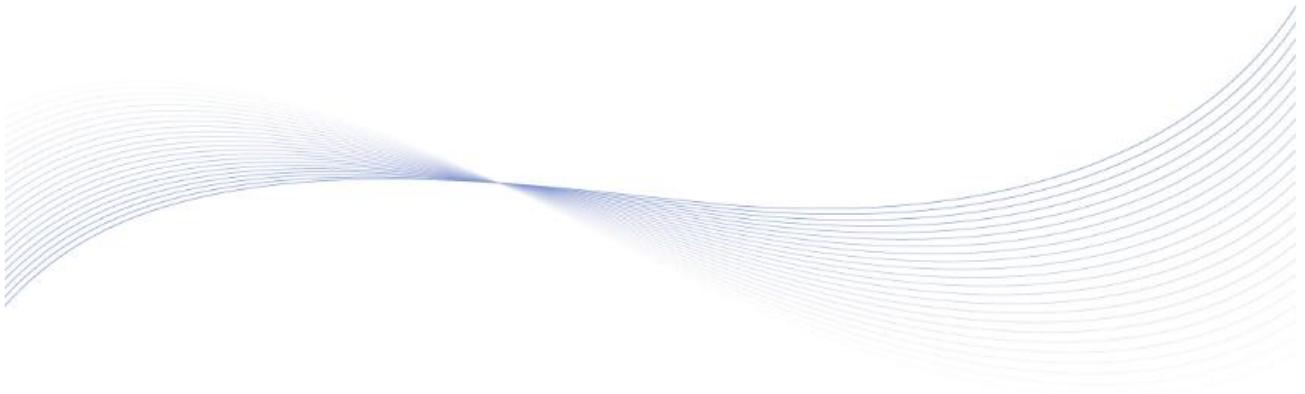
SmartGen

MAKING CONTROL SMARTER

CMM366A/B

CLOUD MONITORING COMMUNICATION MODULE

COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL



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Table 1 Software Version

Date	Version	Note
2017-09-01	1.0	Original release.
2020-03-10	1.1	Added CMM366B-4G cloud monitoring communication module, same protocol as V1.0.
2023-12-23	1.2	Modified 1.3.12 description in Table 4.

This manual is used for CMM366A-3G/CMM366A-ET/CMM366A-WIFI/CMM365A-2G/CMM366A-4G /CMM366B-4G cloud monitoring module.

Description of symbols used in this file is as below:

Table 2 Symbols Description

Symbol	Instruction
 NOTE	Highlights an essential element of a procedure to ensure correctness.
 CAUTION	Indicates a procedure or practice, which, if not strictly observed, could result in damage or destruction of equipment.
 WARNING	Indicates a procedure or practice, which could result in injury to personnel or loss of life if not followed correctly.

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1 INTRODUCTION

This communication protocol describes the communication process protocol between this module GPRS and cloud server in details. Through this protocol, genset (with SCI) can be connected with Internet. After module logging in the cloud server, cloud server will send corresponding genset controller communication protocol to the module. Cloud monitoring module can obtain genset data information by RS485, USB, LINK, CAN or RS232, and transmit the obtained information to related cloud server by 4G wireless network. Users can monitor genset running state and check genset running records at real time via mobile APP (IOS or Android), PC etc. terminal equipments.

2 JSON BASIC RULES

- JSON (JavaScript Object Notation): JSON is a kind of lightweight data change format. Based on the subset of ECMAScript, it saves and indicates data by using text format which is completely independent of programming language.
- JSON data writing format: name/value pair;
- JSON can be number, character string, logic value, array, object, null.

3 DATA FRAME FORMAT

Both communication sides have initiator: Server, and Receiver: Device. Communication rule uses json format.

4 CLOUD MODEM REGISTER

4.1 INTRODUCTION

4.1.1 ILLUSTRATION

Cloud monitoring module sends registration message to the server, and the server verifies whether device has been registered based on the Hostid. If registered, update operation will be executed; if not, registration information will be saved. Then the real-time data will be uploaded to the server IP and port; the history data will be uploaded to the server IP and port, and the parameters corresponding to the device will return back to the modem.

4.1.2 INTERFACE DIRECTION

Sender: Device; Receiver: Server.

4.1.3 COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

Address port: ServerIp
Protocol: Socket
Method: short connection
Transport format: JSON

4.1.4 INTERFACE DEFINITION

Table 3 Message Request

No.	Name	Required	Type	Max Length	Description
1	method	Y	String	20	Login
2	params	Y	String		Parameter JSON
2.1	Hostid	Y	String	24	Modem ID (24 bit)
2.2	hostname	Y	String	20	Modem name (UTF-8)
2.3	password	Y	String	20	Login password of modem
2.4	longitude	N	String	20	Modem longitude
2.5	latitude	N	String	20	Modem latitude
2.6	Gpsen	N	Num	1	0: Baidu coordinate; 1: gps coordinate.
2.7	altitude	N	String	20	Modem altitude
2.8	moduletype	Y	String	30	Module type (Used to distinguish between different controllers) Details please to see: GENSET CONTROLLER MODEL LIST
2.9	modulePort	Y	Num	2	0: Disable; 1: LINK; 2: RS483; 3: RS232; 4: USB
2.10	moduleBaud	Y	Num	0	0: 9600; 1: 19200; 2: 115200bit/s

Message request example:

```

{
  "method": "login",
  "params":
  {
    "hostid": "AAAAA",
    "hostname": "Smartgen",
    "password": "980318",
    "longitude": "54",
    "latitude": "0",
    "gpsen": 0,
    "moduletype": "HGM6120"
  }
}

```

Table 4 Message Response

No.	Name	Type	Description	
1.1	Method	String	login	
1.2	Retcode	String	Reference to the return status code	
1.3	Result			
1.3.1	register	Int	Registration status: 1 success, 0 failure	
1.3.2	historic	String	History data upload address port	
1.3.3	liveData	String	Real-time data upload address port	
1.3.4	realtime	String	Return time UTC	
1.3.6	para_command	String	Commands of monitoring items, multiple commands are separated by semicolons(;	Controller model, which corresponds to different codes.
1.3.7	con_command	String	Read configuration commands, multiple commands are separated by semicolons(;	Please to see 1.3.6
1.3.8	online_rate	Int	Client send rate on-line	Discussion result: e.g. send 3000
1.3.9	offline_rate	Int	Client send rate off-line	Discussion result: same with online_rate
1.3.11	moduletype	String	Module model	Send controller model
1.3.12	data_mode	Int	Data upload mode	0: Save flow mode (see: 4.5) 1: Full send mode (see: 4.4)
1.3.13	modulePort	Int	Num	0: Disable; 1: LINK; 2: RS483; 3: RS232; 4: USB
1.3.14	moduleBaud	Int	Num	0: 9600; 1: 19200; 2: 115200bit/s

Message response example:

```
{
  "method": "login",
  "result":
  {
    "register": 1,
    "historic": "192.168.0.194:81",
    "liveData": "192.168.0.194:81",
    "realTime": "UTC",

    "para_command": "01030000005045F6; 01030000005045F6",
    "con_command": "01030000005045F6; 01030000005045F6",
    "online_rate": 3000,
    "offline_rate": 3000,
  }
}
```

```

        "modulePort":2,
        "moduleBaud":0,
    }
    "retcode": "000000"
}
    
```

4.2 MODEM SENDING LONG CONNECTION

4.2.1 INTRODUCTION

After registration, modem will send long connection requirements actively to the server. After the connection is created, the server returns the status of the successful connection.

4.2.2 INTERFACE DIRECTION

Sender: Device; Receiver: Server.

4.2.3 COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

Address port: ServerIp
 Protocol: Socket
 Method: long connection
 Transport format: JSON

4.2.4 INTERFACE DEFINITION

Table 5 Message Request

No.	Name	Required	Type	Max Length	Description
1	method	Y	String	20	LongCon
2	hostid	Y	String	24	Modem ID(24-bit)

Message request example:

```

{"method": "LongCon ", "hostid": "AAAAAAAAA"}
    
```

Table 6 Message Response

No.	Name	Type	Description
1	retcode	String	Status
2	message	String	Message
3	method	String	LongCon

Message response example:

```

{"method": "LongCon", "message": "OK", "retcode": "000000"}
    
```

4.3 MODEM SENDING HEARTBEAT DATA PROTOCOL

4.3.1 INTRODUCTION

After registration, modem regularly send heartbeat data to the server to check network connection status.

4.3.2 INTERFACE DIRECTION

Sender: Device; Receiver: Server.

4.3.3 COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

Address port: ServerIp
 Protocol: Socket
 Method: long connection
 Transport format: JSON

4.3.4 INTERFACE DEFINITION

Table 7 Message Request

No.	Name	Required	Type	Max Length	Description
1	method	Y	String	20	HB
2	params	Y	String		Null
3	hostid	Y	String	24	Modem ID (24-bit)

Message request example:

```
{
  "method": "HB",
  "hostid": "AAAAAAAAA",
  "params": ""
}
```

Table 8 Message Response

No.	Name	Type	Description
1	retcode	String	Status
2	message	String	Message
2	method	String	HB

Message response example:

```
{"method": "HB", "message": "OK", "retcode": "000000"}
```

4.4 REAL-TIME DATA UPLOAD MONITORING DATA (FULL AMOUNT)

4.4.1 INTRODUCTION

Modem sets different data upload frequencies based on whether the current client is online or not. And request results are saved to both the memory database and the history database.

Memory database storage format is monitor_hostid: {id,ymid,hostid,data,mask,status,itime, deviceNo}

When client requests real-time monitoring data, server will read the data from memory database directly.

For the storage of historical data, it is necessary to compare the time difference between the time when the historical data was last saved and the current time and the historical data storage frequency, and save the operation when the time difference is greater than the storage time of the historical data. And record the current time as the retention time of the most recent historical data.

4.4.2 INTERFACE DIRECTION

Sender: Device; Receiver: Server.

4.4.3 COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

Address Port: ServerIp

Protocol: Socket

Method: long link

Transport format: JSON, command content is ModBus

4.4.4 INTERFACE DEFINITION

Table 9 Message Response

No.	Name	Type	Description
1	method	String	Interface type, reqdata request data
2	params	Object	ModBus content of data, multiple data need to be divided by semicolon (;).
3	hostid	String	Modem ID

Message response example:

```
{
  "method": "reqdata ",
  "params": "",
  "hostid": "AAAAAAA"
}
```

Table 10 Message Request

No.	Name	Type	Description
1	retcode	String	Status
2	message	String	Message
3	method	String	Interface type, reqdata request data.

Message request example:

```
{"method": "reqdata", "message": "OK", "retcode": "000000"}
```

4.5 REAL-TIME DATA UPLOAD MONITORING DATA (SEND CHANGEABLE DATA)

4.5.1 INTRODUCTION

The modem uploads the changed data to the cloud server according to the data upload frequency set by the current client.

4.5.2 INTERFACE DIRECTION

Sender: Device; Receiver: Server.

4.5.3 COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

Address port: ServerIp
 Protocol: Socket
 Method: long connect
 Transport format: JSON, command content is MODBus

4.5.4 INTERFACE DEFINITION

Table 11 Message Response

No.	Name	Type	Description
1	method	String	Interface type, reqdatachange request data
2	params	Object	Only upload changeable data parameters
3	hostid	String	Modem ID
4	AccessAlarm	Int	Access Alarm Input 0: Inactive; 1: Active
5	FireAlarm	Int	Fire Alarm Input 0: Inactive; 1: Active
6	AlarmInput	Int	Alarm Input 0: Inactive; 1: Active
7	InhibitRemote	Int	Inhibit Remote Control Input 0: Inactive; 1: Active

Message response example:

```
{
  "method": "reqdatachange",
  "params": {
    "03": [
      {
        "0000": "0805"
      }
    ],
    "01": [
      {
        "0000": "0805"
      }
    ]
  },
  "hostid": "AAAAAAA"
},
```

Table 12 Message Request

No.	Name	Type	Description
1	retcode	String	Status
2	message	String	Message
3	method	String	Interface type, reqdata request data

Message request example:

```
{"method": "reqdata", "message": "OK", "retcode": "000000"}
```

4.6 WRITE CONFIGURATION DATA

4.6.1 INTRODUCTION

After receiving command of writing configuration, modem sends a write configuration command to the controller. When the modem receives the return result from the controller, it splices the command and execution status (separate by comma, like: 0000000000,1).

4.6.2 INTERFACE DIRECTION

Sender: Server; Receiver: Device.

4.6.3 COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

Address port: ServerIp

Protocol: Socket

Method: long link

Transport format: JSON, command content is ModBus

4.6.4 INTERFACE DEFINITION

Table 13 Message Request

No.	Name	Type	Description	
1	result	String	ModBus protocol content	Definite by controller series
2	datatype	String	ModBus data format	Definite by controller series
3	uid	String	User id of requester	Arbitrary send
4	method	String	Request method writeConfig	
5	modulePort	Num	0: Disabled; 1: LINK; 2: RS483; 3: RS232; 4: USB	
6	moduleBaud	Num	0: 9600; 1: 19200; 2: 115200bit/s	

Write configuration message request example:

```
{
  "result": "000000000000",
  "datatype": 1,
  "uid": "1",
  "method": "writeConfig"
}
```

Write modem port number or baud rate message request example:

```
{
  "modulePort": 1,
  "moduleBaud": 0,
  "datatype": 1,
}
```

```
"uid": "1",
"method": "writeConfig"
}
```

Table 14 Message Response

No.	Name	Type	Description
1	method	String	Interface type, writeConfig request data.
2	params	Object	Command, status like: (0000000000,1) 1 stands for success, 0 stands for failure
3	hostid	String	Modem ID
4	uid	String	User id of requester
5	modulePort	Num	0: Disabled; 1: LINK; 2: RS483; 3: RS232; 4: USB
6	moduleBaud	Num	0: 9600; 1: 19200; 2: 115200bit/s

Write configuration message response example:

```
{
"method": "writeConfig",
"params": "01010101,1",
"hostid": "AAAAAAAA",
"uid": "1"
}
```

Write modem port number or baud rate message response example:

```
{
"method": "writeConfig",
"modulePort": 1,
"moduleBaud": 0,
"hostid": "AAAAAAAA",
"uid": "1"
}
```

4.7 TIME SERVICE INTERFACE

4.7.1 INTRODUCTION

Modem periodically requests the server for network timing to ensure that the modem synchronizes with the server clock.

4.7.2 INTERFACE DIRECTION

Sender: Device; Receiver: Server.

4.7.3 COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

Address port: ServerIp
Protocol: Socket
Method: long link
Transport format: JSON

4.7.4 INTERFACE DEFINITION

Table 15 Message Response

No.	Name	Type	Description
1	method	String	Interface type, timing request data.
2	hostid	String	Modem ID

Message response example:

```
{
  "method": "timing",
  "hostid": "AAAAAAA",
}
```

Table 16 Message Request

No.	Name	Type	Description
1	message	String	Message content
2	retcode	String	Message status
3	method	String	Request method: timing
4	result	String	Current time: UTC long

Message request example:

```
{
  "message": "ok",
  "retcode": "000000",
  "method": " timing",
  "result": " 1497811080077"
}
```

4.8 RESET INTERFACE

4.8.1 INTRODUCTION

Configure modem.

After server sending reset command, modem activates registration function.

4.8.2 INTERFACE DIRECTION

Sender: Server; Receiver: Device.

4.8.3 COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

Address Port: ServerIp

Protocol: Socket

Method: long link

Transport format: JSON

4.8.4 INTERFACE DEFINITION

Table 17 Message Request

No.	Name	Type	Description
1	message	String	Message content
2	retcode	String	Message status
3	method	String	Request method: reset

Message request example:

```
{
  "message": "ok",
  "retcode": "000000",
  "method": "reset",
}
```

Table 18 Message Response

No.	Name	Type	Description
1	method	String	Interface type, reset request data
2	hostid	String	Modem ID

Message Response example:

```
{
  "method": "reset",
  "hostid": "AAAAAAA",
}
```

4.9 DATA PROTOCOL

Table 19 Data Format Sent to The Server by Modem (Socket)

No.	Name	Type	Description
1	method	String	Interface type
2	params	Object	Data object can be strings, or Json object, or ModBus protocol content.
3	hostid	String	Modem ID
4	uid	String	User ID

Table 20 Data Format Sent to The Modem by Server (Socket)

No.	Name	Type	Description
1	result	Object	Data object can be strings, or Json object, or ModBus protocol content
2	retcode	String	
3	uid	String	User ID(6-bit)
4	datatype	Int	Result data type, 0: string data; 1: ModBus data; 2 Json object
5	message	String	Maybe null
6	packetnum	Int	Parameter packet number